

The Daily Gazetteer.

NUM. 502

SATURDAY, JUNE 8, 1745.

Yesterday arriv'd a Mail from Holland.

Petersburgh, May 21.



THE British, Hungarian, Polish, and Dutch Ministers confer frequently with the Chancellor, in relation to the Accession of her Imperial Majesty to the Treaty concluded at Warsaw; but with what Success, is not as yet known. The Count de Bestucheff declar'd, within these few Days,

the French Minister M. D'Alion, that the Czarina could bear, with great Satisfaction, that the known Moderation of his Most Christian Majesty had restrain'd him from causing any Violence to be offer'd, or Disturbance given, to the Dyet of Election at Frankfort. That Minister answer'd, he would infallibly acquaint his Court with the Sentiments of her Imperial Majesty; but that he was very apprehensive that Reasons of State, and the Rules of War, might put it out of the Power of his Majesty to act in the manner she desir'd, with regard to the Assembly in Question.

Berlin, June 8. Yesterday, before Eight in the Morning, M. de Wartenberg, one of the King's Adjutants, arriv'd here, with 16 Postillions before him. He brought the Two Queens the following accurate and distinct Account of the complete Victory gained by his Majesty in Person over the Combined Armies of Prince Charles of Lorraine, and the Duke de Saxe Weissenfels, after a bloody Engagement, in which abundance of Men have been lost on both Sides.

The Austrian Army, after being join'd by the Saxon Troops, became augmented to near 80,000 Men, and had formed a Design of penetrating into Silesia, by the Passes thro' the Mountains on the Side of Friedland and Landshut. They began to march thro' those Passes on the 2d or 3d of this Month; and the great Point they had in View of this Disposition, was to cut off the King's Communication with the rest of Lower Silesia, and even with Glogaw, and consequently with Brandenburg.

To prevent this Scheme from taking Effect, the King march'd on the 3d to meet the Enemy. The next Day, by Three in the Morning, the Two Armies were in Sight, the Austrians forming the Right, and the Saxons being on the Left of the Allied Army.

It was about Four when the Engagement was begun by our Van Guard, under the Command of Lieutenant-General Dumaulin, and Major-General Winterfeld. Our Right Wing made so warm and brisk a Fire on the Saxons, that they were the first in giving Way; and their Cavalry falling into Disorder, were at last oblig'd to break.

The Engagement was very long, and very obstinate between our Left Wing, and in the Center, with the Austrians and Hungarians who engag'd them; the latter were several times broke, but they rallied and returned to the Charge. The Fire of the small Arms, accompanied by that of the Field Artillery, was extremely warm, and well served on one Side, as well as the other.

About half an Hour after Ten, when the Battle had lasted somewhat more than Five Hours, several Corps of the Enemy that had been most expos'd to the dreadful Fire of our Infantry and Field Pieces, began to give Way. Our Grenadiers improved this Opportunity, and by a vigorous Push, threw them into Confusion. The Enemy being rout'd, were oblig'd to abandon the Plain, and to retire as well as they could thro' the Defiles by which they had enter'd it.

We pursued them in their Retreat about an Hour and half; and did not quit our Pursuit till all the flat Country was clear'd, and they were got entirely back into the Mountains; where it was not judg'd expedient to follow them.

The Advantage our Troops have gain'd, is of the utmost Consequence. The King, who commanded his Army in Person, and who directed all its Motions, was himself expos'd to the warmest Fire; as were likewise his Brethren, the Prince Royal of Prussia, and Prince Henry; yet his Majesty, and their Royal Highnesses, are in perfect Health.

The Number of the Killed and Wounded left by the Austrians and Saxons on the Field of Battle, cannot fall short of 4000. It does not appear that we have lost on our Side above 1200. As to the Prisoners we have made, they amount to above 5000; including Six Generals, and Thirty Officers of Distinction. We have taken at least Sixty Pair of Colours,

Ten Standards, and Eight Pair of Kettle Drums. We have likewise taken Forty Pieces of Field Artillery. The Austrians and Saxons, both have been oblig'd to leave a great Part of their Baggage, Equipage, and Ammunition Waggon behind them.

The King is extremely concern'd for the Loss of Lieutenant-General Count de Trüches-Waldbourg, who was kill'd by a Cannon Ball at the Beginning of the Engagement. The Colonels Mallow and Schwerin are dangerously wounded; as are the Lieutenant-Colonels Bodenbrock and Kahlbutz. Lieutenant-Colonel Bertikow is among the Number of the Dead, with some other worthy Officers.

Yesterday another Adjutant of the King's brought us a List of the Generals wounded, made Prisoners, and killed. On the Side of the Austrians there are, General Baron de Berlichingen, Prisoner, and dangerously wounded; General Baron Thungen, Prisoner, and since dead of his Wounds; Lieutenant Field-Marshal Count Francis de St. Ignon, Prisoner, and wounded; Major-General Forgatsch, Prisoner; Major-General Hohenhausen, killed. Of the Saxons there are, Major-General Boffenbofel, killed; Major-General Schlichtinge, Prisoner. Besides these Generals, there are abundance of Colonels and other high Officers, Austrians and Saxons, killed, wounded, or taken Prisoners, to the Number of four-score. This Day Te Deum was sung here with the usual Ceremony.

Leipsick, June 9. The following is the Account sent to the King by the Duke of Saxe-Weissenfels, of the Action that happen'd lately in Silesia.

On the 28th your Majesty's Troops joined those of the Queen of Hungary, and enter'd Silesia on the 29th, directing their March towards Friedbourg, and advanced within two Leagues of Schwednitz, in order to execute the Design form'd by Prince Charles, of cutting off the Communication of the Prussians with the rest of Silesia, and with their own Country. We continued our Dispositions for this Purpose from the 31st of last Month to the 3d of this. To shut up the Prussians the closer, we order'd some Troops to de-file on the Left towards Javer; upon which the King of Prussia made a Motion with his Army, and presented himself, on the 4th in the Morning, in Order of Battle, within half a Mile of Fribourg. The Prussians attack'd with a great deal of Vivacity; we receiv'd them with a great deal of Firmness; and the Engagement remain'd undecided till about Ten o'Clock; when our Cavalry being disorder'd by the Unevenness of the Ground, were oblig'd to retire, in order to form again behind the Foot. Our left Wing being by this very much weaken'd, our irregular Troops falling into Confusion, and this Confusion spreading itself also among such as had the Care of the Artillery, his Royal Highness judg'd it proper to direct a Retreat. It was made in very good Order, so that we have regain'd the Passes of Landshut and Schmiedberg, the Enemy pursuing us only at a Distance. We have lost about 3 or 4000 Men; some Generals likewise are missing. All the Army fought with the greatest Bravery and Intrepidity. We do not certainly know the Loss of the Prussians; but it must have been very great; at least equal, if not superior to ours, their Cavalry having suffer'd extremely during the Action. The next Courier shall bring a more distinct Account. In the mean time we are Masters of the Passes through which the Allied Army enter'd into Silesia.

Frankfort, June 6. The Army of Field-Marshal Count Traun having begun to direct its march towards the Neckar, the Prince of Conti directed the March of most of his Troops that Way, which was precisely what the Austrian General wanted; who thereupon turn'd off to the Right, and is marching with the utmost Diligence, in order to double the Speffart, so as to come out again about Geissen. In the mean time the Duke of Aremberg, who has likewise given the French the Slip, by some seemingly retrograde Motions, has appear'd with his Army in the Neighbourhood of Werzlar, when it was least expected. We conceive from hence, that the Junction of the two Armies will be made on the 11th and 12th at farthest, without its being in the Power of the Prince of Conti to prevent it. It is true that his Highness is at present in full March, with all the Troops he had on the Neckar, in order to return to the Main; but it evidently appears, from all his Dispositions, that he intends nothing more by that than to post himself in such a manner behind the River, as to secure himself from the Army of the Allies when join'd, which he is sensible will be much superior to his own, even if his Remonstrances should have their Effect, and his Most Christian Majesty should retract his Orders for

sending a Detachment from his Highness's Army into the Netherlands.

Bonn, June 6. The Army of the Allies, after having encamp'd several Days on the Right Side of the Rhine, over against this City, began its march in the Night between the 4th and 5th, towards Segen, from whence it will advance towards the Frontiers of Hesse; at the same time Count Traun will arrive there with the Army of the Grand Duke. It is generally conceiv'd here, that the Junction of the Two Armies will be made on the 12th; that of Duke Aremberg arriv'd on the 5th at Gutzzeit; will march this Day to Ober Elven; and will march from thence To-morrow to Weiden.

Hanover, May 31. His Majesty did not appear in publick the Day before Yesterday, on Account of a defluxion in his Eyes, but Yesterday his Majesty dined in publick, and will do the same to Day. Lord Trawley has made a large Report to his Majesty, of his Negotiations in Russia, and was very graciously receiv'd. It was not Mr. Winterstein, but Mr. Schindberg that came hither to compliment the King on the Part of the Elector of Mentz, and is still here. Baron Munchhausen, the King's first Ambassador to the Dyet of Election, is preparing to set out, with a magnificent Equipage, for Frankfort. We are assur'd that his Majesty intends to have a Conference with the Duke of Lorraine at Fulde, as his Royal Highness takes that Place in his Way to the Army of Count Traun. Before his Majesty left London, he order'd certain Commissioners to enquire into the Cafe of Marshal Belesse and his Brother, and to report whether they had or had not a Right to lay Claim to the Treaty of Cartel; and, consequently, to be regarded as Prisoners of War.

Brussels, June 11. Prince Waldeck has already form'd Two Independent Companies of Foot out of the French Deserters; one of which is to be commanded by a Man of Family, who was oblig'd to leave his Country for a Duel. His Highness propos'd to raise Two Troops of Dragoons in the same manner; which, in all probability he will not be long in completing; since he has offer'd 10 Ducats to every one who deserts, and 20 to every one who brings his Horse and Arms; which is a very considerable Encouragement to those who are well enough dispos'd to desert already. The fine Convent of Capuchins at Tournay has suffer'd exceedingly by the late Siege; and there is not a House in the Town that has not some way or other suffer'd.

Hague, June 10. According to our last Advices from the Low Countries, the Siege of the Citadel of Tournay has already cost the French upwards of 3000 Men; and they particularly lost 60 many by the two last Salles that were made, that they found themselves oblig'd to demand a Suspension of Arms for twice 24 Hours. According to all Appearance, their High Mightinesses are determin'd to push their Military Operations to the utmost, both by Sea and Land; having receiv'd certain Information, that the French intend to declare such Ships of theirs as are taken by Privateers, good Prizes.

HOME PORTS.

Falmouth, June 3. Wind N. Sailed the Hanover Packet, Enout, for Lisbon; the Expedition, Hawkins, for Barbados; and the George Galley, —, for Virginia.

Weymouth, June 5. Wind N. E. On the 3d sail'd from hence the Alexander, Rose, for Barbados; the Blessing, Andrews, and the Vineyard, Holland, for Ireland. Yesterday arriv'd the John and Martha, Deere, and the Elizabeth, Turner, from London.

Pool, June 5. Sailed the St. John, Pike, for Sligo. Came in the William and Thomas, Lander, the Elizabeth, Mills, the William and —, Rose, and the Thomas and Eliza, Henning, from London; the Providence, Wills, the Thomas and Robert, Taverner, the Amelia, Walker, and the John and Elizabeth, Wills, all from Newcastle.

Cornwall, June 5. Wind N. Yesterday came in the Diamond, White, from Chichester for Dublin; and the Post Boy, Gregg, from London for Colerain. Sailed the Southampton, Taylor, from Portsmouth for Dublin; and the Swallow, Player, from hence for Cork. This Morning came in the Sarah, Talbot, the Elizabeth, Hillgrove, and the Susanna, Sandwell, from Dover for Guernsey. Sailed the Diamond, White, for Dublin.

Deal, June 6. Wind N. E. Remain the Duke Man of War, and the Swift and Caesar Privateers.

LONDON.

The Count de Saxe lately sent Orders to Dunkirk for a large Number of Surgeons to repair to Liffie, where the Hospitals are full of sick and wounded Men, that die daily in great Numbers.

We learn by private Letters from Franckfort, that an Offer has been made to Prince William of Hesse, that he Grand Duke of Tuscany shall perform all that was promised to the Landgrave by the late Emperor Charles the VIIIth, in case his Royal Highness is chosen King of the Romans, and the Hessian Troops enter into the Service of the Allies.

There are some Advices from Germany which say, that Field-Marshal Bathian proposes to make a Tour to Hanover, in order to receive the Commands of his Britannick Majesty, with respect to the Military Operations of this Campaign.

The Chebire, Frith, and another Vessel from Liverpool for —, are both taken, and carried into Havre.

Yesterday Morning a Boat going for Deptford ran foul of a Collier at Blackwall; by which Accident the Boat sunk, and two Persons were drown'd; one of them was the Son of a wealthy Cornfactor in Wapping.

On Thursday died, at her House at Lowlayton, Mrs. Henrietta Jackson, a Maiden Gentlewoman of a very large Estate.

High Water this Day	Morning	Evening
at London-Bridge,	05 21	05 38

Bank Stock, 146 1-half. India, Nothing done. South Sea, 109. Old Annuity, 110 7-8ths to 111. New ditto, 111 1-half. Three per Cent. 93 1-half. Ditto 1743, 93. Ditto 1744, 93. Ditto 1745, 91 3-4ths. Seven per Cent. Loan, Nothing done. Five per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Royal Assurance, 84 1-half. London Assurance, 11 1-8th. India Bonds, 11. 18s. to 17s. Bank Circulation, 51. 2s. 6d. Salt Talties, Nothing done. Ditto 1745, 1 3-4ths Discount. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, Nothing done. Three per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Annuities for Lives, 15 Years, 1-4th the Purchase. Million Bank, 114 1-half. Equivalent, 110. Tickets, 111.

Bath, May 22, 1745.

WHEREAS several Persons have lately resorted to Bath, under Pretence that they were to be admitted into the General Hospital there, and have thereby been a common Nuisance to the said City: This is to acquaint all Persons, that no Application will be received, unless the Person be at his usual Place of Abode when such Application is made.

No Letters will be received unless Post paid.

By Order of the President and Governors,

E. BRETT, Register.

This Day is Publish'd,

(Price Sixpence)

THE Antiquity and Honourableness of the Practice of Merchandize. A Sermon preach'd before the Worshipful Society of Merchants of the City of Bristol, in the Parish Church of St. Stephen, November the 10th, 1744

By A. CATCOTT, Rector of St. Stephen's in Bristol, and some time Fellow of St. John Baptist's College in Oxford.

Printed for M. Cooper, at the Globe in Pater-noster Row.

This Day is Published,

(Price Sixpence)

A Copy of a Letter from a Person of Distinction at the Hague, to the Abbe de la Ville, on the Order against publishing News Papers at Paris; in which are contained a Multitude of Particulars relating to the Battle of Fontenoy, that have not hitherto been made publick.

Printed for M. Cooper in Pater-noster Row.

This Day is Publish'd,

Beautifully printed in Four Volumes, Octavo, corrected by the Author,

The SECOND EDITION of

THE Works of TACITUS, translated into English. To which are prefixed several large Discourses upon Julius Caesar, Augustus, and their Successors, and their Arts of Government; upon Governments, Peace and Arbitrary, upon Courts, Armies, and Conquests; upon Princes, Ministers, Nobility, and People; upon publick Frugality; upon Teaching and Teachers; upon the State of the Romans under the Emperors, the Debasement and Misery of that great People, its Causes, &c.

By THOMAS GORDON, Esq;

Printed for J. Osborn, at the Golden Ball in Pater-noster-Row.

Where may be had, just published,

I. **THE IMPROVING WAY**: or, A Defence of Primitive Christianity, and of our Ecclesiastical Establishment, against the exorbitant Claims of Fanatical and Dissaffected Clergymen. The Sixth Edition, with Additions and Amendments. In Three Volumes. The Third Volume may be had alone, to complete Gentlemen's Sets.

II. **Cato's Letters**: or, Essays on Liberty, Civil and Religious, and other important Subjects. The Fourth Edition, in 4 Vols. 12mo.

BOOKS Lately Published,

And Sold by J. WALTHOE, over-against the Royal Exchange, Cornhill.

MR. BAYLE's Dictionary, Historical

and Critical. The Second Edition, carefully collated with the several Editions of the Original. In which many Passages are restored, and the Whole greatly augmented particularly with a Translation of the Quotations from eminent Writers in various Languages. To which is prefix'd the Life of the Author, revised, corrected, and enlarged, by M. Des Maizeaux, F. R. S.

Gentlemen that want single Numbers to complete their Sets, may be supplied with them; or if they have the first Numbers to dispose of, may have the full Value for them.

II. The same Work in Large Paper.

III. BAYLE's Miscellaneous Reflections, occasioned by the Comet which appeared in December, 1680. chiefly intended to explode Popular Superstitions. 2 Vols. 8vo.

IV. BAYLE's Philosophical Commentary on these Words of the Gospel, *Compel them to come in, that my House may be full.* 2 Vols. 8vo. In which all the Arguments for Persecution are refuted.

V. PHOENIX BRITANNICUS:

Being a Miscellaneous Collection of Tracts, Historical, Political, Biographical, Satirical, Critical, &c. which are no where to be found but in the Closets of the Curious. Interpersed with choice Pieces from Original Manuscripts. Collected by J. MORGAN, Gent. Formerly Published in Six Parts, now collected into One Volume, with a compleat Index to the Whole.

This Volume consists of above Seventy scarce and curious Tracts; among which are contain'd,

1. A Sermon no less fruitful than famous, by Wickliffe, 1388

2. The wonderful Year, 1603.

3. A Narrative of the Proceedings at Winchester, where the Lord Cobham, Lord Gray, and Sir Griffin Markham, all attain'd of High Treason, were ready to be executed on the 9th of December, 1603. With his Majesty's Warrant for suspending their Execution.

4. A short View of the long Life and Reign of Henry III. By Sir Robert Cotton.

5. The Danger wherein the Kingdom now standeth, and the Remedy. By the same Hand. 1628.

6. *Vox Civitatis*; or, London's Complaint. 1635.

7. Protest of the House of Commons (in 1604) against certain Infringements of the Court, &c. MS.

8. Remarkable Passages which occurred from the Meeting of the Parliament the 13d of January 1657, to their Dissolution. Also a List of their Names who sat in the other House, so greatly design'd for a House of Lords; with a brief Description of their Merits and Defects.

9. A most notable Speech concerning the other House March 1659.

10. Valour anatomiz'd in a Fancy. By Sir Philip Sidney, 1581.

11. The Last Will of George Fox.

12. William Lithgow's Account of his inhuman Racking by the Spaniards at Malaga in 1620.

13. Count Gondomar's Transactions, during his Embassy in England. Two Parts, 1630 and 1634.

14. A true and exact Narration of the miraculous Deliverance of Ann Green: Who, being executed at Oxford the 4th of December 1650, afterwards revived. Together with the Manner of her suffering, and the particular Means used for her Recovery.

15. A Declaration of the Life, Treasons, and Execution of Dr. John Story, 1572.

16. Sir Walter Raleigh's Ghost. M. S. 1622.

17. The Anatomy of the English Nunneery at Lisbon. 1622.

18. The Life of Henry Welby, who liv'd at his House in Grubstreet 44 Years, and in that Space was never seen by any. And there died the 29th of October 1636, aged 84.

19. A true Historical Relation of King Richard the 2d's wonder-working Parliament.

20. The End and Confession of John Felton; also of Thomas and Christopher Norton, executed 1570.

21. The Fatal Vesper, the 6th of October, 1623.

22. Robert Earl of Essex's Ghost, 1624.

23. Confessions, &c. of Edmund Campion, and other condemned Priests, 1582.

24. A Record of some worthy Proceedings in the House of Commons, 1611.

25. A Narrative of Anne Jofferies, who was sed 6 Months by Fairies.

26. A Declaration of the Cause, moving the Queen of England to give Aid to the Defence of the People afflicted and oppressed, in the Low Countries, 1585.

27. A Declaration of the King's Majesty's Intention and Meaning toward the late Actis of Parliament. Edinburgh, 1501.

NB. Gentlemen possessed of any Part of this Work may have the Remainder to complete the Volume.

VI. A New Method of IMPROVING cold,

wet, and barren LANDS, particularly Clayey Grounds.

(Illustrated with Eight Copper-Plates, exhibiting the Figures of the Instruments necessary for these New Improvements) Price 2s. 6d.

— Sed samam ostendere satius
Hoc virtutis opus.

Vide.

This Treatise contains, 1. The best Methods of draining wet Lands, either arising from their Situation or Springs. 2. Directions for burning Turf, Mole-hills, and Clay, for the Improvement of such Lands. 3. The many Advantages that arise from boggy Grounds by turning them into Plantations, according to the Nature of the Soil, and Situation of the Place. 4. Directions for making of Fishponds and Ditches for feeding or breeding of Fish, and carrying off the Water. 5. The Method of burning barren Land in North Britain. 6. How to ascertain the Value of Hilly Grounds, a Thing extremely useful to Landlord and Tenant. 7. Directions for making Gardens in clayey Grounds, and a certain Method of improving Fruit-trees.

This Day is Published,

(Price One Shilling)

A REVIEW of the Case of the

Marshall BELLEISLE, in Answer to a late Pamphlet, intitled, *The Case of the Marshall Belleisle* relating to Prisoners of War, actually subsisting between Great Britain and France at the Time of his Arrest, is passionately examined, and evidently proved by Arguments deduced from incontestable Facts, from the very Cases of self, and from authentick Papers never before made publick.

Including a few seasonable Observations on the affecting Hardships of such of our gallant Countrymen as are now detained Prisoners in France, on account of the Detention of the Marshall and his Brother the Chevalier de Belleisle.

Righteousness exalteth a Nation. Prov. xiv. 34.

Printed for M. Cooper, in Pater-noster Row.

This Day is Published, Price 1s.

AN Expostulatory Address to JOHN

RANSBY, Esq; Principal Surgeon to his Majesty, and F. R. S. occasioned by his Treatise on Gun-shot Wounds, and his Narrative of the Earl of Oxford's last Illness; with Remarks on his Adviser, &c.

By a PHYSICIAN.

Ludere qui nescit; Campestribus affluat obrui;
Indolensque, Pila, Diserte, Trochire, quiescit;
Ne Spissa risum tollant impune Corona.

Printed for M. Cooper, in Pater-noster Row.

This Day is Published,

The SECOND EDITION, of

A Description of a great Variety of Ani-

mals and Vegetables; viz. BEASTS, BIRDS, FISHES, INSECTS, PLANTS, FRUITS, and FLOWERS. Extracted from the most considerable Writers of Natural History; and adapted to the Use of all Capacities, but more particularly for the Entertainment of Youth. Being a Supplement to a Description of 300 Animals. Illustrated with above Ninety Copper-Plates, whereon is curiously engraven every Animal and Vegetable described in the whole Book.

Printed for R. Wate, at the Bible and Sun in Ainslie-Corner.

Where may be had,

1. A Description of 300 Animals; viz. Beasts, Birds, Fishes, Serpents and Insects; with a particular Account of the Whole Fishery. Extracted out of the best Authors, and adapted to the Use of all Capacities, especially to allure Children to the Study of Natural History, whereon is curiously engraven every Beast, Bird, Fish, Serpent, or Insect, described in the whole Book. The 5th Edition. Price 2s. 6d.

2. A Description of some curious and uncommon Customs. Price 2s.

3. A Natural History of English Song-Birds, not met with in the Foreign as are usually brought over and caged in their Singing. To which are added, Figures of the Eggs, Nests, and Eggs, of each Species, exactly copied from Nature by M. LEAZER ALBIN; and curiously engraven on Copper. Also a curious Account of the Canary Bird; directed for choosing them, and to distinguish it in Health, the Method of Breeding them and bringing up their Young; the Diseases, and approved Remedies for the Cure of them. The 2d Edit. Price 2s. 6d.

4. An Essay towards the probable Solution of this Query, Whence come the Stork and the Turtle, the Crane and the Swallow? The 2d Edition. Price 6d.

5. The Gigantick History of the two famous Giants, and other Curiosities in Guilehall, London, 2 Vols.

6. Curiosities in the Tower of London, 2 Vols.

7. The Description and History of the famous Cathedral of St. Paul's, London, 1 Vol.

8. The Description of the fine Monuments and Tombs in Westminster Abbey; 3 Vols. For the Amusement of the little Masters and Misses in Town and Country. Price 3s. a complete Set, or 4d. a single Volume.

Note. These entertaining Volumes, all of a Size and Price, on good Paper and Print, and elegantly bound, in a pretty little Library, and very agreeable Presents for Children.

Publish'd by Virtue of his MAJESTY's

Royal Letters Patent,

MR. GREENOUGH's Tincture

for preserving the Teeth white and beautiful, detaching the Scum in the Gums, and curing the Tooth-Ach.

The Tincture for preserving the Teeth, in a few Times using, perfectly cures the Scum in the Gums, causes them to grow down close and regular, makes the black Teeth white and beautiful, fastens them when loose, preserves them from growing rotten, and keeps such as are already decayed, from becoming worse; and in a little Time removes the Cause of an ill-scented Breath, except where the Lungs are diseased. Each Bottle of this Tincture is seal'd in red Wax, with these Words, For preserving the Teeth, and round them, by the King's Patent. Price One Shilling.

The Tincture for curing the Tooth-Ach, gives Ease in a few Minutes, even when it is most violent, and in a little Time perfectly cures it. Each Bottle of this Tincture is seal'd with black Wax, with these Words, For curing the Tooth-Ach, and round them, by the King's Patent. Price One Shilling.

Note. By Virtue of the Patent above-mentioned, I have appointed John Newbery my only Vender of these Tinctures, to whom all Persons are desired to apply for them, at his Warehouse, the Bible and Crown, near Devereux Court, without Temple-Bar, London, and at his Shop in Reading, Berks; at which Places, Merchants, Captains of Ships, and Country Dealers, will have good Allowance to sell again; and particular Bills, in any Language, will be printed for such as take Quantities to Foreign Parts.

Sold also as my House, over-against the Green Dragon in Snow-Hill, near St. Sepulcher's Church.

Thomas Greenough.